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FLANNERY. JOSEPH. PRACTICAL GAYOSO SAVINGS INSTITUTION, Banking House, 19 Madison street, E. M. Avery, Cashier. John C. Lanier. Proc't. GRACE CHURCH (EPISCOPAL), HER-GUMBINGER, J., DEALER IN SPECTA-

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MEMPHIS & OHIO RAILROAD DEPOT, MOORE & WEST, INSURANCE AG'TS, N. W. cor. Main and Madison sts. PICKET, ED. BURKE, ATTORNEY AT Law and Solicitor in Bankrustey, Office, No. 5 Courthouse, cor. Union and Second sts. PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY, OF-fice, 16 Madison street, PACKER, H. B. DRALER IN PITTS-burg coal, No. 2006 Main st. PAINT STORE, PAINTERS' MATERI-als, McDonald & Cole, 44 Monroe st.

POLICE COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, No. POSTOFFICE, COR. JEFFERSON AND Third streets, R. C. Gist, Postmaster. RANKIN, STURGIS & CO., FRUIT PRE-ROBESON, SNEED & CO., DEALERS IN ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO., AUC-

RUSSELL, GROVE & CO., GAYOSO PLA-ning Mill, 212 Adams street, east of the SCHUMM, JOHN, CABINET-MAKER, NO.
SCHUMM, JOHN, CABINET, NO.
SCHUMM, J SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH (CATHOLIC) ST. PETER'S CHURCH (CATHOLIC), COR.

ST. MARY'S GERMAN CHURCH (CAT II ST. LAZARUS CHURCH (RPISCOPAL), Madison street, east of Third. ST. MARY'S CHURCH (EPISCOPAL),

TOWNES & TORRANCE, COTTON FAC-TOBACCO AND CIGARS—A LARGE AND superior at ck at Thurmond, Foster&Co.'s Tobacconists, 7 Monroe street. V SNABLE SAW MILL, ON WOLF RIV-

WHITMORE & CO., STEAM JOB PRIN-ters, 13 Madison street. YEOMANS, S. P., ATTORNEY, OFFICE, (with Wright & McKissick), Kit Williams

STAR SHUTTLESEWING MACHINE.



PRICE-825, 835, 840, 850 and 8100 According to Style and Finish.

PATENTED MARCH 12TH AND NOVEMber 19th, 1867. The stitch is slike on both sides, and WILL NOT RIP OR UNRAVEL. It combines S'mplicity, Durability and Beauty, and fully warranted for three years.

M. M. BEACH & CO., Gen'l Ag'ts,
294 Second street, Momphis, Tenn.

se Agents Wanted. COAL! COAL!

C. T. PETERSON, Dealer in the

Best Pittsburg Coal,

OFFICE-No. 13 Madison street.

I HAVE JUST RECRIVED A FRESH supply of No. 1 Pittsburg Coal, and am ready to supply all who may favor me with their orders, at the LOWEST market rates.

NOTICE.

I WILL EXCHANGE BUILDING LUM-tions, or Dry Goods—consisting of Calleous, Domestics, Wool Goods, Hata, Boots and Shoes, and Clothing, suitable for a country store. Three or four yoke of OXEN wanted. The lumber to be sawed at Eddins' mill, in Memphis, at mouth of Wolf river. All the lumber sawed according to the order of pur-chaser.

Apply to me, at EDDINS'SAW MILL.

DR. C. L. BLAIR.

HARRIS & BLAIR,

DENTISTS,

No. 217, corner Second and Adams Streets,

ADAMS BLOCK. MEMPHIS. - - - TENN

Royal Havana Lottery of Cuba, CONDUCTED BY THE SPANISH GOVerament. ESSLOW, in Gold, drawn every
saven-cen days. Prices cashed and information furnished. The highest rates paid for
boundows and all kinds of Gold and Silver.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,

56-134 No. 11; Wall street, New York.

PUBLIC



I RDGER.

LARGEST CITY CIRCULATION. By Whitmore & Co.

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 30, 1868. VOL. V.

PUBLIC LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

E. WHITMORE AND F. A. TYLER.

Under the firm name of

WHITMORE & CO.,

-AT-No. 13 Madison Street,

The Public Lengra is served to City subscribers by faithful carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week, payable weekly to the carriers. By mail in advance): One year, \$8; six months, \$4; three months, \$2; one month, 75

Newsdealers supplied at 2% cents per copy.

Communications upon subjects of general interest to the public are at all times acceptable.

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 6 60

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 7 50

tion.
All bills for advertising are due when con-tracted and payable on domand.

33. All letters, whether upon business or otherwise, must be addressed to WHITMORE & CO. Our Dixie Times is the title of a new

paper just started in Utah. An old lady in Kansas has such a borror of trichina that she has forbidden her

daughter to read Bacon. MR. CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS has the largest private library in New England -eighteen thousand volumes.

THE extensive linen mills of Goodersham & Worts, at Streetsville, Canada West, were destroyed by fire on Saturday night. Loss, \$20,000.

A veny heavy gale passed over the Southern counties of Scotland on Sunday, unroofing and blowing down houses and doing much damage.

G. RAEF, a German, aged 35 years, from Michigan, committed suicide at Buffalo on Sunday, by shooting himself

est means of preventing it.

JIMMY DWYER, a well-known pugilist, was shot in Salt Lake City on Saturday evening, in a quarrel, by his partner, Kelly. His recovery is very doubtful.

THE constant troubles in Italy are ascribed by the London Times to the different parties in the Imperial Parliament, none of which are able to govern. The disease is called dog-in-the-manger-

Hon. R. J. WALKER has written a long letter, which will soon be published, giving a history of the annexation of territory to the United States, and in favor of the purchase of the Russian American possessions and Danish West India islands.

THE locomotives on the New York Central railroad are to be stripped of all ornaments, brass or otherwise, and to be painted a pale brown color. This is done to save unnecessary work in cleaning, and will, no doubt, be appreciated by the engineers.

MARYLAND is groaning over frauds on the State revenue. She taxes oysters taken in her bays and rivers three cents a bushel, which should yield a revenue of over \$300,000 a year; but unprincipled oystermen don't pay, and therefore the State got last year only \$28,000.

T. H. HARMON, who absconded from Lake Providence, La., with \$8000 deposited in his hands as agent of the Freedmen's Bureau by freedmen, has been arrested at Charleston, S. C., and nearly all the money recovered. He has been sent to New Orleans for trial.

THEY have cold weather in Minnesota. In an exposed position, the thermometer at St. Paul, on Sunday and Monday mornings last, indicated forty-four degrees below zero, the coldest weather experienced there since 1863. At Madson. Wisconsin, it was fifteen degrees below.

JOHN CALDWELL, a member of the Chicago police force, stepped into a saloon on Clark street, in that city, was invited to take a glass of eider, and died in three nours afterward. He had twice arrested he keeper of the saloon for violations of the law, and suspicions are entertained that revenge prompted the publican to

THE invitation of the Roston Board of Trade to the Boards of Trade and Chambers of Commerce of the United States, o meet in that city in general convexion on the 5th of February next, has been accepted officially by the commercial associations of seventeen cities, and favorable intimations have been received informally from others.

they will yet declare the ministry dictariance in purpose that meaning in they will yet declare the ministry dictariance in purpose that meaning in they will yet declare the ministry dictariance in purpose that they will yet declare the ministry dictariance in purpose that they will yet declare the ministry dictariance in plants of the purpose that they will yet declare the ministry dictariance in plants of the purpose that they will yet declare the ministry dictariance in plants of the purpose and simple, naked to the two a.m. yesterday.

Carmolic priests, in Italy, are rapid informally from others.

MONEY POWER VS. THE PEOPLE

Plunder the Ruling Idea of Radicalism.

What the Extraordinary Efforts of the Leaders Mean.

The well posted Washington correspondent of the Chicago Times, writing on the 15th, has the following pungent remarks on the purposes of Radicalism and the political situation:

Some Republicans in Congress may

honestly believe that the political con-test now being waged between the President and the Legislature is a question of the right of the negro to suffrage, or the Union men of the country, so-called, to rule the rebels so-called. Many Democrats, even, may believe that the Republican leaders are honest in their belief as respects negro rights universal suffrage, and all that. But they are mistaken. The question at the bottom of every move on the political chessboard, in and out of Congress, just now, is one of money, pure and simple.

If the New England capitalists and Eastern boudholders generally did not feel sure that they could control the votes of the ignorant negroes at the South in their interest, they would never go for reconstruction. But they do so think; and what is more, since the demonstrations in the West, in favor of Mr. Pendleton's platform, they have made up their minds that the only hope of the money power, that now sits like a vampire upon the country, sucking up its life-blood, is to bring up the brute force of the South into full play in the next election, in order to wipe out the intelligence of the North. It was only when Governor Morton, of Indiana, Mr. Bingham, of Ohio, and others who had been, confessedly, opposed to unconsti-tutional measures in Congress, saw that the people were moving on the subjects of funding the debt at lower rates of in-terest, paying the bonds in greenbacks, and against oppressive and needless taxation, that they turned suddenly round and threw themselves into the breach in which the more radical wing of the party had been until then fighting a forlorn hope, against overwhelming odds.

I wrote you some time since that all the bond and national bank interest had gone over from Chase to Grant. It was a question of life and death with Jay Cooke and John Sherman & Co., and they chose the former. They are now as strongly for Grant as they were for-merly strongly for Chase. Chase was their first choice because he fully represented their principles and objects. But General Grant says he is a poor man, and cannot afford to run for the Presidency. "Tut, tut, my dear General!" say Cook & Co., A. T. Stewart, Cornelius Vanderbilt, and the rest, "don't talk about money; we will give you all you want. What is a million of dollars—aye, THE Quebec Assembly have under consideration the cause of the emigration of Canadians to the United States, and the best means of properties. nature so changed that this cannot be done over again? Is "our Cœsar" so immaculate that he will not have his "Crœsus Dives?" Must not A. T. Stewart play the role of Crœsus if "our Cœsar" manns to win? means to win? I tell you, read ers, that the next Presidency is a question of money merely—purely and simply of money. It has come to that. It is whether money-power will so fasten its claims upon the people that a hundred years of political strife, and perhaps revolutionary upheavings, shall able to unrivet them; is whether the people will now throttle the monster in its cradle. General Grant is known to be an ambitious man; and, by those who know him intimately, is said to be an avaricious man. The two most essential passions that urge humanity on to the attainment of supreme power-the love of dominion for the sake of dominion, and the love of money for the sake of money—are combined in his person. There stands the tempted, with the very passions that attract the tempter. There stands the tempter, with the very objects that attract the passions. The result is as inevitable as that night follows day. There is no halting, no indecision, in Congress now. The money-power sees that the blow must be struck, or it chance of success is lost to it, perhaps forever The blow will be struck, and I fear that the result will be most disastrous to the material as well as political interests of the people. Mr. Sprague, in his speech in the Senate yesterday, said that the condition of the United States is to day analagous to that of England before the establishment of her national bank. It is so. At that time the money-power not only controlled the people of land, but the government. The latter could not borrow money in the market at less than forty per cent. The day after the establishment of the bank money was borrowed at eight per cent. The money power in this country is determined that the masses shall be taxed into pauperism, but that the bondholders and capitalists shall riot in luxury. The tax-producers are to be ground down until every twentieth man and woman is a pauper, as in England, if necessary. The tax-con-sumers will not touch the load with as much as their little fingers. No, indeed! If the people rebel against it, will not General Grant be on hand with his cohorts of black soldiers, if necessary-with the mercenaries of the provinces, as in Rome, in the time of the

Casars—to "shoot down the d—d repu-diating Democrats and Copperheads?" I notice that Forney has sounded the toosin of alarm, and that Bingham, yesterday, in the House, belched forth his foul slanders against Mr. Pendleton and his platform. These men see the storm coming, and are determined to avert it if they possibly can. The stake for which they are playing is the biggest the world charge. ever contained; it is for the empire of the new world. I tell you they will leave no stone unturned in order to insure sucitary dictatorship, sugar-coated with the semblands of legislative authority, attired in a mere fig leaf of Congressional clothing, will not answer their purpose, they will yet declare the military dicta-

of the American revolution," has been | Declittle's Proviso-The Reconstructionreinstated?

New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore men are on here in crowds, workmore men are on here in crowds, working to keep up the tax on spirits. If
they succeed (and they are spending
money freely) the West, under the new
law, will be entirely wiped out by the
Eastern cities, and the manufacture of
spirits in Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa
and Kentucky will be among the things
of the arts. Fig. law are only can the of the past. By a low tax only can the Western distiller hope to do anything. But I have little or no hope that this Congress will do anything to relieve the people from the great burden of taxation. Every man I meet is "on the make," as they classically express it in this city. It appears to me as if it was the univer-sal belief that the country was in extremis, and that, if the vultures did not commence preying upon it in time, the carcass would not be worth picking after death had actually occurred.

The Duties of the Hour.

MR. EDITOR: In my first communication I spoke of what God has done for us in climate, soil, river and forest, giving us, in many particulars, advantage over any other locality in our great country; and simply hinted why they have not been improved, not wishing to make reflections on past errors, but desiring to furnish present relief. If we have lost deal we must play the cards given us. So, if we have given all our means and energies to the one crop-cotton and negro-until we are comparatively bankrupt. Now that the negro is superior to the white man, suppose we let him alone, and resolve that we can not only live, but become rich and prosperous without him. How we are to do this is the matter I propose to talk of. That Memphis to-day is too large for

the business she has to do is a fact patent

to all; and what we want especially is not more laborers, but more labor, Can this be furnished at paying rates? I say it can. How, then? is the question. Not by quarreling with capitalists, and complaining that they have used their means as their best judgment has dictated, but by showing to them and all the benefits that would ensue from the use of at least a portion in manufactures. I am not proposing any over-grown establishment, but a multitude of small beginnings, festered by the use of capital, and in a few years they will be more than self-sustaining. What shall they be? This question has two answers. Firstthe articles that would find the most ready sale in our immediate neighborhood; next, that for which we have the raw material for immediate use, and requiring least means to start it. And here let me say that I will not propose to start anything that I cannot produce competent the details. So that, in reality, there would be no experiment, but a living published, and the Tribune and Times hands, thoroughly acquainted with all millions in order to confer imperial fact, simply having transferred the labor power upon their proteges. Is human and machinery from the cities supplying us with those goods to our own city; thus requiring by their presence a part of the vacant houses that we now have, and

adding customers to our retail traders. Well, first, then, suppose we can find a man that has ten thousand dollars to invest, I will find a competent, reliable man, who will take hold of a hub, spoke and felloe, ax-helve and plow-handle establishment that will pay; and there is

a demand for all these articles. Who wishes to invest in a broom-factory ?-yes, a broom factory. The corn is easy of culture, and will grow on our lands most prolifically. But there is no market for it here, and consequently none is now grown. But, if any one will put five thousand dollars in the business, it will pay 50 per cent. per annum. I will agree to find the operatives, fully conversant with the business. In another paper I propose to speak of furniture, chairs, etc. And here let me say that our foundry men to-day challenge competition in their department. There is a large establishment already in the city, which, last year, put up quite a number of iron store-fronts that, for complete finish, are rarely equaled in any city. And that firm, and their coadjutors, have driven all foreign competition from us; and to-day that business is a fixed fact, to the lasting honor of the men whose energy and skill introduced and matured it-

WM. FARRIS. The Bankrupt Law--- A Mooted Question. There is said to be some difference of pinton among lawyers and Registers in bankruptcy as to when the fifty cent clause of the bankrupt law will go into effect, and it is stated that the question will probably be submitted to Judge Chase for a decision. The law appears to be so plain as to admit of no doubt. The law did not go into operation until the first of June, and we think until June, 1868, proceedings can be com-menced without reference to the fifty

cent clause. Section 33 provides: "And in all proceedings in bankruptcy commenced one year from the time this act shall go into operation, no discharge shall be granted to a debtor whose assets do not pay fifty per centum of the claims against his estate, unless the assent in writing, of a majority in number and value of his creditors who have proved their claims is filed in the case at or fore the time of application for dis-

Middle Tennessee News. NASHVILLE, January 27.-C. H. Pratt, of State Line City, Indiana, late sutler in the Federal army, cut his throat last

A desperado named Narmer, in an affray at Smyroa, was shot six times with pistol and cut with an ax. He died at

CATHOLIC priests, in Italy, are rapidly

ists Impaled. Senator Doolittle's speech in the Senate, of which we published a full report yesterday, was one of his best efforts. It was a well-planted blow at the Republicans who have all been twisted into a shameful inconsistency by a few bad, bold, reckless Radicals. It also impaled the reconstruction scheme upon three very sharp prongs. Naturally the fathers

of the thing squirmed.

Can reply be made to the argument contained in Senator Doolittle's proposed proviso to the Reconstruction bill?

"Provided, nevertheless, That upon

an election for the ratification of any constitution, or of officers under the same, previous to its adoption in any State, no person not having the qualifications of an elector under the constitution and laws of such State previous to the late rebellion shall be allowed to vote unless he shall possess one of the follow-

outh to support the same; or,
"3. He shall be seized in his own right,

ignorant blacks, he says:

Do not usurp, but if you will usurp, at whose labor sustained the rebel armies.

Do not usurp, but if you will usurp, at least do not prostitute and debase the suffrage. You tell me there are negroes who can read and write. Granted. Then give the ballot to every black man who can read the Constitution of the United States and sign his name to an oath to support the same. But because some few blacks can read, do not bestow the ballot by wholesale upon all the hundreds of thousands who cannot read nor write, the ignorant, the degraded, the illiterate, the field-hands, the fetish wor-

Do not usurp, but if you will usurp, at least do not prostitute and debase the You tell me there are negroes who are thrifty, industrious, and who have acquired property. Granted. Give the ballot, then, to every black who is seized in his own right, or in the right of his wife, of a freehold of the value of \$250. But because some blacks are thrifty and saving do not bestow the suffrage by wholesale upon all the thousands who are neither, and who will rather steal than work.

confessed—the determination of Revolutionists of the Rump to get v enough from the Southern blacks to carry the next Presidential election For this they disfranchise; for this they enfranchise; for this they tie the Presi dent hand and foot with their tenura-ofoffice bills; for this they foist into his Cabinet of confidential Secretaries a treacherous false spy with less honor in his soul than Arnold or Iscariot; for this they deprive the President of his executive power in civil affairs for this they deprive him of his com-mandership-in-chief in military affairs; for this they assault the bar of Justice itself; for this they rush upon the judges and gag and bandage them, lest their voices and authority pronounce the enormity of their manifold crimes against the very government their per-jured lips have sworn to sustain, against the very civilization which spares their lives and reserves them to the milder doom of an infamous obscurity .-- New

York World.

An exchange says the fashion now is her father. Two of the groomsmen preit. After the ceremony, each of them gives an arm to one of the maids, as the is the latest Philadelphia fashion.

LATE advices from Cuba report a mortality among the fishes of the Florida coast and Gulf of Mexico, due perhaps to emanations from the submarine volcanoes and other disturbances caused by night at the Commercial Hotel with a noss and other disturbances caused by pocket knife. Cause of the suicide—inthe harbor of St. Thomas is said to have become so fetid as to render the slightest agitation of it painfully offensive.

J. B. MCCAPPREY.

ing qualifications, namely:
"I. He shall have served as a soldier in the Federal army for one year or

more; "2. He shall have sufficient education to read the Constitution of the United States and to subscribe his name to an

or in the right of his wife, of a freehold of the value of \$250."

Of course, like every other man who respects the Constitution, the Wisconsin Senator stands opposed in toto to any and every measure of Congress usurping the State's right to control and distribute suffrage to its citizens; but to the usurpers who would prostitute as well as usurp this right, who would for the sake of po-litical power disfranchise half the whites and confer the ballot by wholesale upon

least do not prostitute and debase the suffrage. Granted. Then give the ballot to every black who served in the Federal army a year or more. But because some few blacks fought, do not bestow the ballot by wholesale upon all the numberless blacks who staid at home and

Is there any possible answer to be

To be "snowed up" on a railroad is usually one of the most unpleasant of traveling experiences. There is one corporation, however, which has found a way to relieve such an occurrence of its worst features. A train on the Buffalo and Pittsburg Railroad was detained in a snow-drift for eleven hours, at a deep cut six miles from Brocton, last Friday. Hearing of the detention, Daniel Williams, Esq., one of the directors of the road, went up with a number of sleighs and conveyed the passengers to Brocton, where a sumptuous dinner was served at the company's expense. In the afternoon the passengers were conveyed to the establishment of the Lake Shore Wine Company, where they were shown through the works, and afforded ample opportunity for testing the quality of the article therein manufactured.

at church weddings to stretch a broad white ribbon across the aisle up which the bridal party pass, above which none but invited guests are allowed to sit. The bridesmaids enter in pairs unab tended by gentlemen-the groom with his future mother-in-law, the bride with cede the whole party, and others follow party leaves the church. At least such

Ma Alfred Tennison received \$525 in gold for his poem on " A Spiteful Let-

Fifteen Cents Per Week.

NO. 128.



UNDERTAKERS. RALEICH SPRINCS. W. R. CORFELIUS. GRAND SPECIAL SCHEME MCCAFFREY & CORNELIUS.

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METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS AND Wooden Coffins constantly on hand.

FLAHERTY & WESCHE, UNDERTAKERS.



NO. 37 UNION STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN. Old Stand of J. & M. Flaherty.

WHEATON NURSERY. Two Miles South of Memphis, on the Horn

WADDY THOMPSON.

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Successors to DR. S. M. WHEATON. WEARE PREPARED TO FILL ORDERS for every description of Fruit, Flowers, and Ornamental Trees, Grape and Strawberry Vines and Hot House Plants, Roses, etc., etc. Our stock is made up of the ber's elections which can be gotten up, in Europe or America. We solicit correspendence from all who purchase trees in large or small quantities, or any who wish to adorn their places with choice and rare Flowers and Shrubs.

First-class Landscape Gardener.
Flowers for Bouquets and Wreaths always on hand.

67 Descriptive Catalogues, with prices and all necessary information, will be furnished by applying personally or by letter to 57-134 JOHN TRENT & CO. LUMBER, LATHS.

-AND :-

600,000 feet Cypress Lumber; 200,000 " Poplar 300,000 Laths and Shingles.

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I HAVE ON HAND AND AM CONSTANTly sawing a full supply of Cypress and Poplar Lumber of all dimensions, Laths and Shingles; and am prepared to fill orders on short
notice, at LOWEST CASH PRICES.

25 Mill and Lumber Yard on Wo rive
immediately north of Bayou Gayoeo.

TERMS—CASH.

G. M. VENARLE. G. M. VENABLE.

WOOD. 300 CORDS DRY WOOD, AT \$2 50 PFR Se-134 VENABLE'S SAW MILL. Bricklaying.

IF YOU WANT A STEAM-BOILER, A hitchen range or a grate set, or a bread oven built, or flues remodeled so as to prevent mok-ing, a eistern built or repaired, ar brick work of any kind leave your order at 191 Main street, or at JOINER & KIRKLEY'S, 34 Monroe st., or call upon [152] THOS, CUBBINS.

NOTICE.

I HAVE A GRAY HORSE, SENT ME BY
the Arent of the Miss, & Tenn. R. R., as
the property of Maj. J. W. Green, of Sardis,
Miss, I fnot called for in three days, the same
will be sold to pay charges.

128
J. SELIGMAN. WESTERN AND VIRGINIA TOBACCO AGENCY

MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO." IMPORTERS Wholesale Dealers SEGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES,

IN THE SOUTH. Cor. Second and Jefferson sts., Jefferson Block MEMPHIS, TENN. 70-161

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SASH, DOORS & BLINDS,

Of superior quality,

CHEAPER, at No. 41 Monroe street, MEMPHIS, TENN...

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PEBRUARY 15TH. 2868' UNDER THE DIRECT AUSPICES OF the following well-known Citizens of Memphis:

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N. CORONNA, Pres't German National Bank JOHN S. TOOF, of Toof, Phillips & Co. : W. L. STEWART, late of W. L. Stewart Bros. ROLFE S. SAUNDERS, U. S. Collector; R. R PITTMAN, of R. R. Pittman & Co. :

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DEPOSITORY, German'|Nat'l; Bank

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NUMBER OF PRIZES, 25! CERTIFICATES, \$5 EACH

A Fortune or a Homestead for 85

Capital Prize Valued at \$20.00 Which amount has recently been offered f o the Springs and Grounds immediately sur

PRIZE No. 1.—The celebrated RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS, situated on the confines of Raleigh, late county seat of Shelby county, Tenn., nine miles northeast of Memphis, and two miles from Wells' station, on the Memphis and Louisville railroad. These Springs are six in number, of various mineral and medicinal qualities, and are visited every Summer by thousands of seekers of health and pleasure, from all quarters of the country. They are within a few steps of the village of They are within a few steps of the country. They are within a few steps of the village of Raleigh, in a beautiful valley, and also within a few hundred feet of Wolf river, which wind a around the base of the eminence on which the village of Raleigh is situated, and empties into the "F there of Waters" at Memphis. Numerous remarkable cures of various diseases have been experienced by sojourners at this health-inspiring retreat, and the present proprietor, Col. J. M. Coleman, san produce hundreds of certificates of cures in cases which had been entirely given over by medical skill. The ground surrounding the Springs, and in fact the entire village of Raleigh, rises to an eminence of pure air, and is as remarkable for its healthfulnes as beauty of location. The Springs are in fine order, nover failing, and are designated as follows:

Marble Spring,

Marble Spring. Box Spring, Magnolia Spring,

Arsenie Spring, Sulphur Spring.

The place has never been visited by coidemic of any kind, and pesuliarly characteristic of its healthfulness is the longevity of the inhabitants. The oldest citizens of Shelby county are residents of Raleigh.

The Springs are as much resorted to by pleasure-seeker as by invalids, owing to beauty of seenery and various artificial as well as natural attractions. Connected with the Springs are a Pavilion, Ladies' Bowling Alley, Russic Arbers, Reading Salcon, Gents' Bowling Alley, Salcon, Billiard Room, Gymnasiums, Refreshment Tables, etc., while Wolf river affords excellent Boating and Fishing.

The ground accompunying the Springs, in the above scheme and included in the First Prize, is fifteen acres in extent, overlooking the valley, and affords in addition to a magnificent site for a grand hotel and other buildings, splendid facilities for a park, pramgnade, etc.

An analysis of the several Springs, by distinguished medical mean, shows that they are unsurpassed in mineral and curstive properties by any in the United States. There is no reasent than why Raleigh should not become as famous as Saratova, Sharon or Lobnon, and as larcely patronised. It needs only capital and enterprize to accomplish this end.

A charter is before the State Legislature for the neoporation of the Springs, and a movement has been inaugurated looking to direct rail communication with Memphis.

For this prize, \$20,000 was recently offered, which was declined in order that the above scheme may be fully carried out.

PRIZE No. 2.—The elegant COUNTRY MANSION HOUSE AND LOT ESSIDENCE

seneme may be fully carried out.

PRIZE No. 2.—The elegant COUNTRY MANSION HOUSE AND LOT RESIDENCE of Col. J. M. Coleman is within a few yar 2 of the Springs. The house is in first class order, contains ten rooms, and is beautifully embowered in hubbery. The lot is well fenced and ornamented with fine shade and fruit trees, and affords all necessary outhouses, cisterns, etc. It is midway between the village and Sprine Valley, on the main promonade. Value, \$5000.

ne. \$5000.

PRIZE No. 3.—ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS IN CASH.

PRIZE No. 4 to 25.—TWENTY TWO
COTTAGE LOTS, valued at \$550 each. These
lots are a portion of the village of Raleigh, delightfully situated, all fronting on thoroughfares, and will be drawn with the understanding that the winners shall have free access at
all times to the Springs and belongings.

Details of the Drawing. Six thousand and seven hundred tickets, representing the certificates issued, will be placed in one wheel, and the same rumber of blanks, including twenty five insertied with the names of the premiums, will be placed in another. From those wheels tickets will be drawn at the same time, and the number drawn will take the premium drawn simultaneously.

All moneys received upon the sale of these shares will be placed in the German National Bank of Memphis, and will remain there to the greats of the Association until the drawing takes place.

References: C. F. Chumberlain & Co., B. Loewenstein & Bros., Rice, Stix & Co., B. Bahb, G. Falls, E. M. Apperron & Cs., C. C. Boone & Co.

NOTICE .- Persons ordering Certificates by nail can send greenhacks to the amount of five

At Phonnix Mutual Ins. Co., Berbel Flock, S. Main street, Mamphic, Tenn.

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